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- (4) The farming operation's production records for the 3 most recent years or the years the borrower has been farming, whichever is less;
- (5) Documentation of compliance with the Agency's environmental regulations contained in subpart G of 7 CFR part 1940;
- (6) Verification of all non-farm income:
- (7) A current financial statement and the operation's farm operating plan, including the projected cash flow budget reflecting production, income, expenses, and debt repayment plan. In the case of an entity, the entity and all entity members must provide current financial statements; and
- (8) Verification of all debts and collateral.
- (b) In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) of this section, the borrower must submit an aerial photo delineating any land to be considered for a conservation contract.
- (c) To be considered for debt settlement, the borrower must provide the appropriate Agency form, and any additional information required under subpart B of 7 CFR part 1956.
- (d) If a borrower who submitted a complete application while current or financially distressed is renotified as a result of becoming 90 days past due, the borrower must only submit a request for servicing in accordance with paragraph (a)(1) of this section, provided all other information is less than 90 days old and is based on the current production cycle. Any information 90 or more days old or not based on the current production cycle must be updated.
- (e) The borrower need not submit any information under this section that already exists in the Agency's file and is still current as determined by the Agency.
- (f) When jointly liable borrowers have been divorced and one has withdrawn from the farming operation, the Agency may release the withdrawing individual from liability, provided:
- (1) The remaining individual submits a complete application in accordance with this section;
- (2) Both parties have agreed in a divorce decree or property settlement that only the remaining individual will

be responsible for all FLP loan payments;

- (3) The withdrawing individual has conveyed all ownership interest in the security to the remaining individual; and
- (4) The withdrawing individual does not have repayment ability and does not own any non-essential assets.

# § 766.103 Borrower does not respond or does not submit a complete application.

- (a) If a borrower, who is financially distressed or current, requested loan servicing and received FSA-2512, but fails to respond timely and subsequently becomes 90 days past due, the Agency will notify the borrower in accordance with \$766.101(a)(2).
- (b) If a borrower who is 90 days past due and received FSA-2510, or is in non-monetary, or both monetary and non-monetary default and received FSA-2514, and fails to timely respond or does not submit a complete application within the 60-day timeframe, the Agency will notify the borrower by certified mail of the following:
- (1) The Agency's intent to accelerate the loan; and
- (2) The borrower's right to request reconsideration, mediation and appeal in accordance with 7 CFR parts 11 and 780

### § 766.104 Borrower eligibility requirements.

- (a) A borrower must meet the following eligibility requirements to be considered for primary loan servicing:
- (1) The delinquency or financial distress is the result of reduced repayment ability due to one of the following circumstances beyond the borrower's control:
- (i) Illness, injury, or death of a borrower or other individual who operates the farm:
- (ii) Natural disaster, adverse weather, disease, or insect damage which caused severe loss of agricultural production;
- (iii) Widespread economic conditions such as low commodity prices;
- (iv) Damage or destruction of property essential to the farming operation; or

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- (v) Loss of, or reduction in, the borrower or spouse's essential non-farm income.
- (2) The borrower does not have nonessential assets for which the net recovery value is sufficient to resolve the financial distress or pay the delinquent portion of the loan.
- (3) If the borrower is in non-monetary default, the borrower will resolve the non-monetary default prior to closing the servicing action.
- (4) The borrower has acted in good faith.
- (5) Financially distressed or current borrowers requesting servicing must pay a portion of the interest due on the loans.
- (6) The borrower must not be ineligible due to disqualification resulting from Federal crop insurance violation according to 7 CFR part 718.
  - (b) Debtors with SA only must:
- (1) Be delinquent due to circumstances beyond their control;
  - (2) Have acted in good faith.

### § 766.105 Agency consideration of servicing requests.

- (a) Order in which Agency considers servicing options. The Agency will consider loan servicing options and combinations of options to maximize loan repayment and minimize losses to the Agency. The Agency will consider loan servicing options in the following order for each eligible borrower who requests servicing:
- (1) Conservation Contract, if requested;
- (2) Consolidation and rescheduling or reamortization:
  - (3) Deferral;
  - (4) Writedown; and
  - (5) Current market value buyout.
- (b) Debt service margin. (1) The Agency will attempt to achieve a 110 percent debt service margin for the servicing options listed in paragraphs (a)(2) through (4) of this section.
- (2) If the borrower cannot develop a feasible plan with the 110 percent debt service margin, the Agency will reduce the debt service margin by one percent and reconsider all available servicing authorities. This process will be repeated until a feasible plan has been developed or it has been determined

- that a feasible plan is not possible with a 100 percent margin.
- (3) The borrower must be able to develop a feasible plan with at least a 100 percent debt service margin to be considered for the servicing options listed in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (c) Appraisal of borrower's assets. The Agency will obtain an appraisal on:
- (1) All Agency security, non-essential assets, and real property unencumbered by the Agency that does not meet the criteria established in §766.112(b), when:
- (i) A writedown is required to develop a feasible plan;
- (ii) The borrower will be offered current market value buyout.
- (2) The borrower's non-essential assets when their net recovery value may be adequate to bring the delinquent loans current.

## § 766.106 Agency notification of decision regarding a complete applica-

The Agency will send the borrower notification of the Agency's decision within 60 calendar days after receiving a complete application for loan servicing.

- (a) Notification to financially distressed or current borrowers. (1) If the borrower can develop a feasible plan and is eligible for primary loan servicing, the Agency will offer to service the account.
- (i) The borrower will have 45 days to accept the offer of servicing. After accepting the Agency's offer, the borrower must execute loan agreements and security instruments, as appropriate.
- (ii) If the borrower does not accept the offer, the Agency will send the borrower another notification of the availability of loan servicing if the borrower becomes 90 days past due in accordance with §766.101(a)(2).
- (2) If the borrower cannot develop a feasible plan, or is not eligible for loan servicing, the Agency will send the borrower the calculations used and the reasons for the adverse decision.
- (i) The borrower may request reconsideration, mediation and appeal in accordance with 7 CFR parts 11 and 780 of this title.